A Novel Messaging System for Passive Mate Guarding in *Lygus hesperus*



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Reproductive Behavior Cycle

Assessment

Courtship







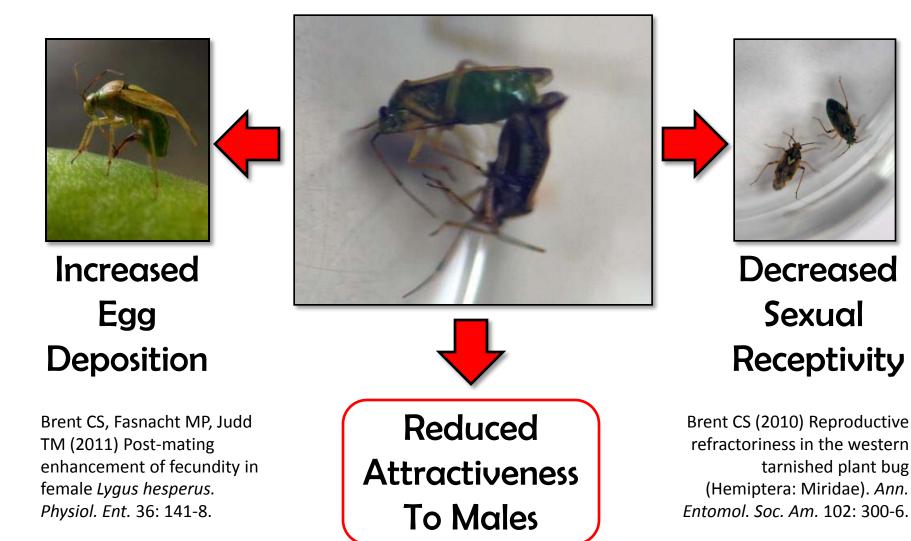






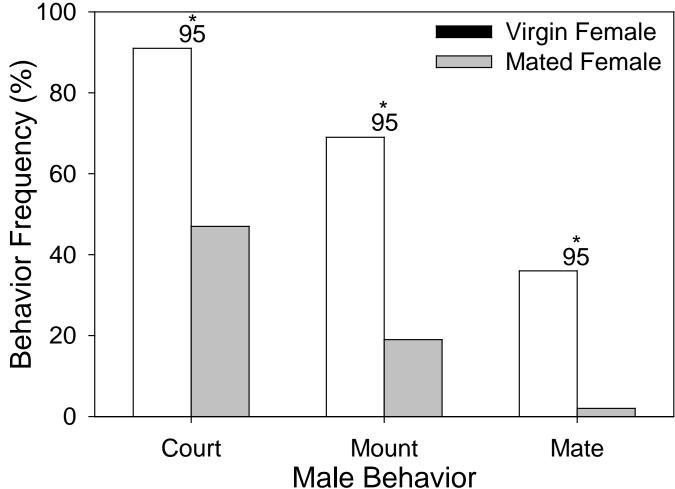
Insemination

Female Post-Mating Changes





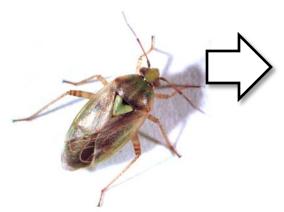
Effect of Female Mating Status on Male Behavior



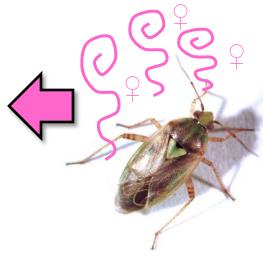
Pre-Mating Assessment Behavior

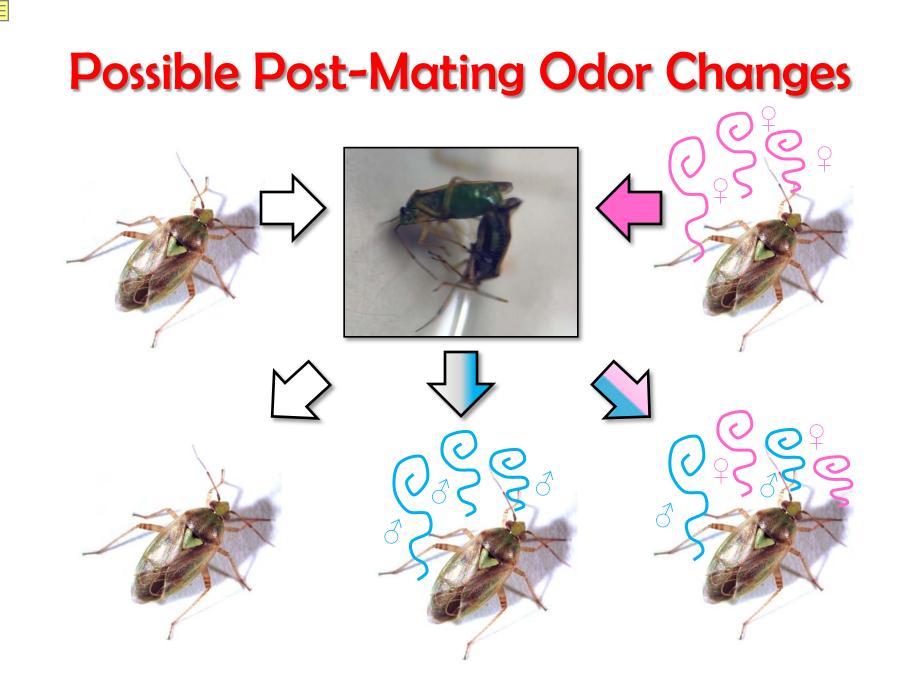


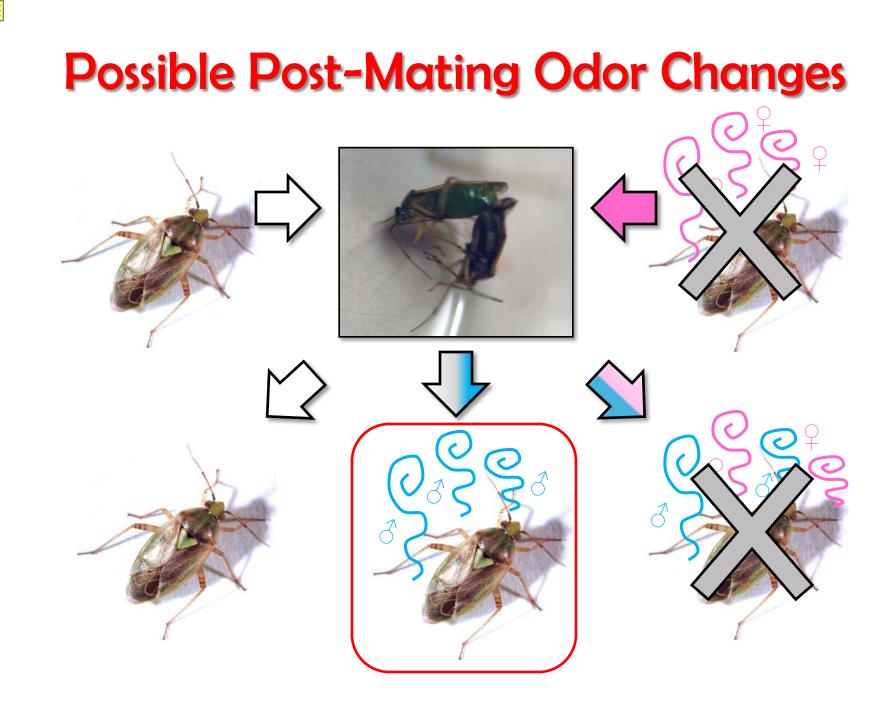
Possible Post-Mating Odor Changes



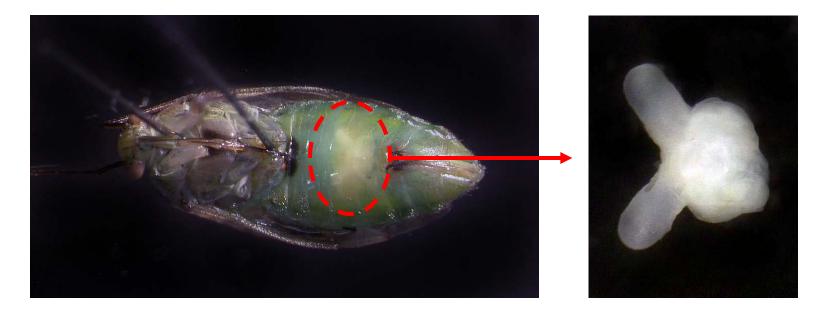






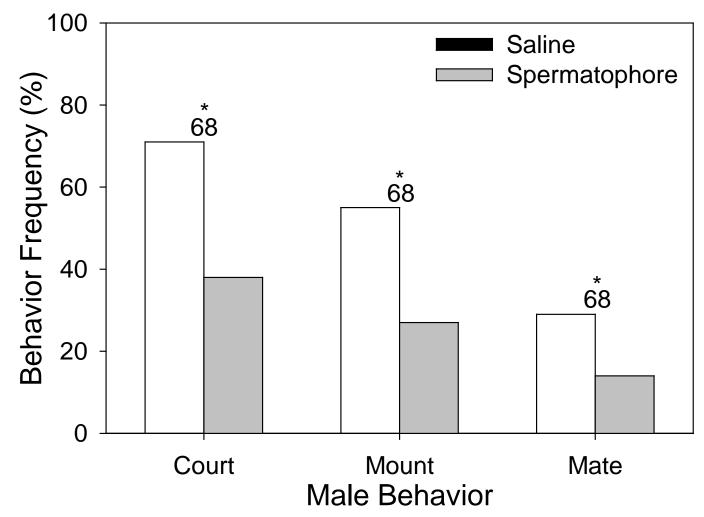


Male Spermatophore



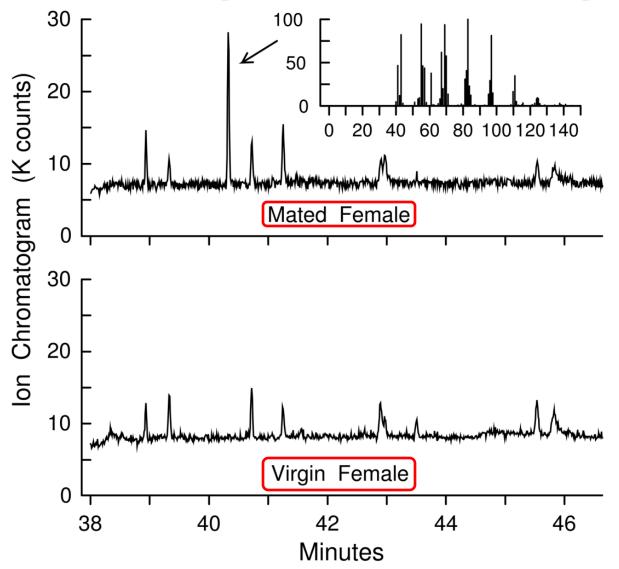
- Contents made in testes & accessory glands
- Consists of sperm & other components
- Persists in female for several days

Effect of Spermatophore Odor on Male Behavior



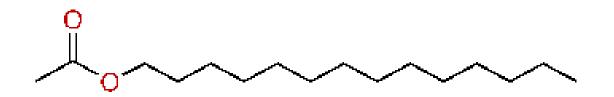
Whole Body Chemical Analysis

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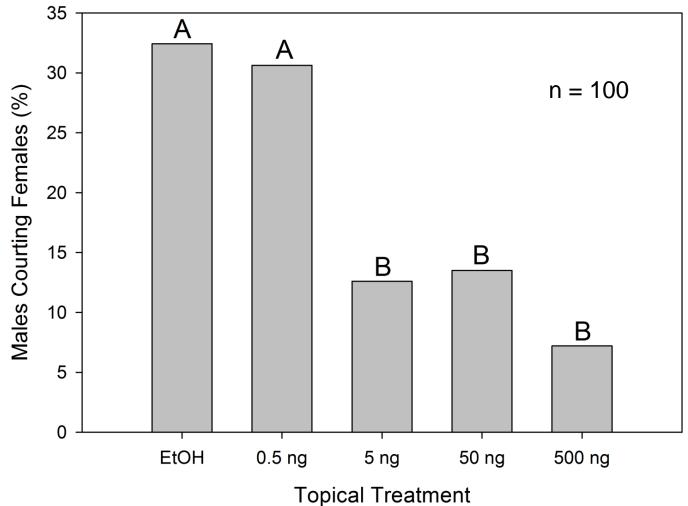


Myristyl Acetate

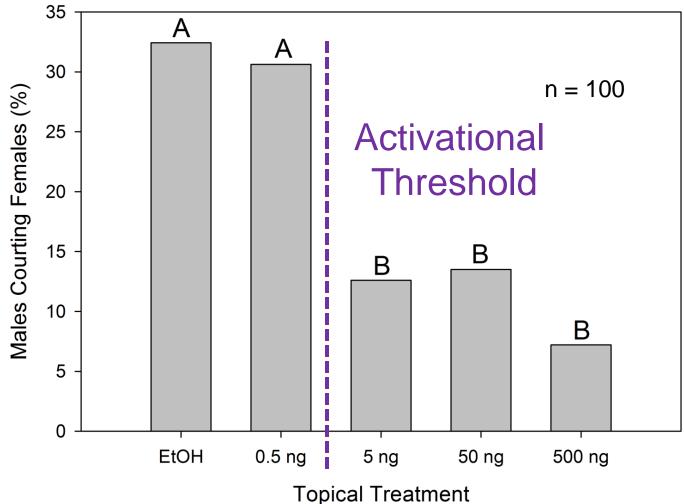


- 14 carbon saturated lipid
- Found in mated but not virgin females
- Produced by male accessory glands

Effect of Myristyl Acetate on Male Behavior

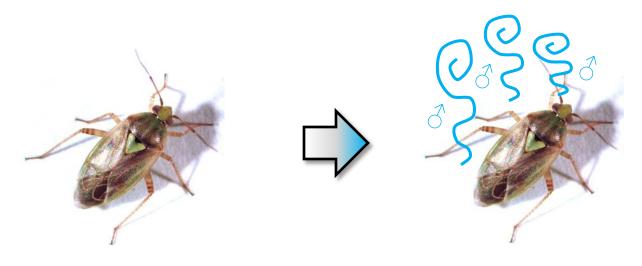


Effect of Myristyl Acetate on Male Behavior



Summary

Myristyl Acetate (MA) is a dose-dependent anti-aphrodisiac, reducing male interest in courting <u>recently</u> mated females



Brent CS, Byers JA (2011) Female attractiveness modulated by a male-derived antiaphrodisiac pheromone in a plant bug. *Animal Behaviour* 82: 937-943.

Reproductive Behavior Cycle

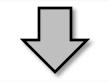
Assessment

Courtship









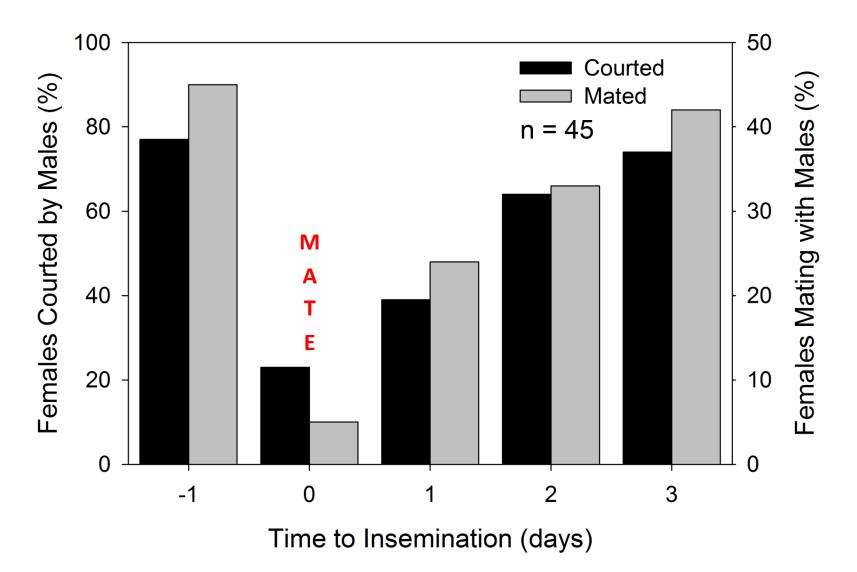




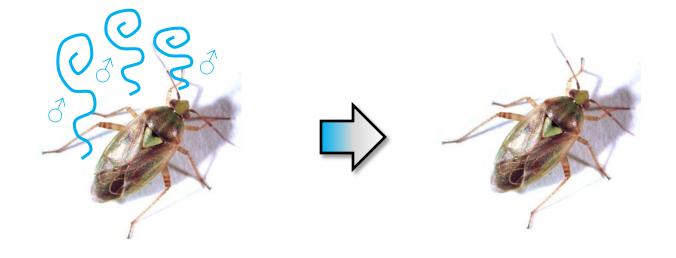
Insemination

Post-mating Changes in Behavior

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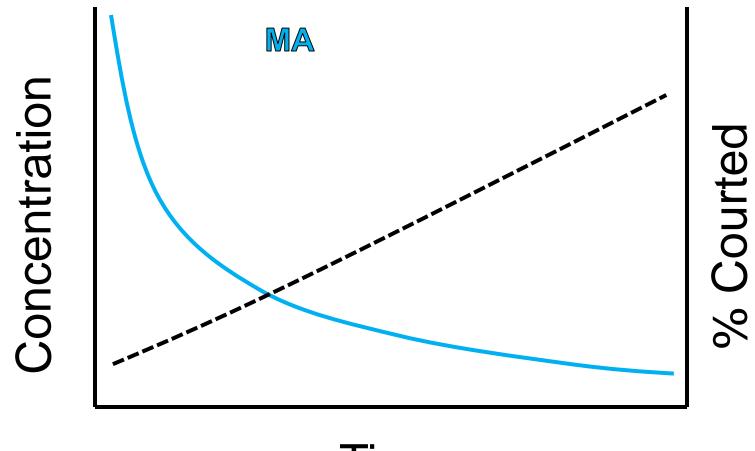






Post-Mating Changes

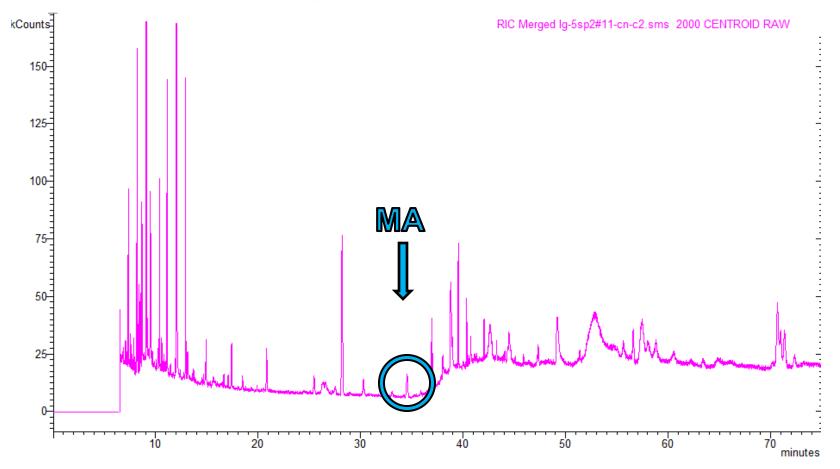
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Time →

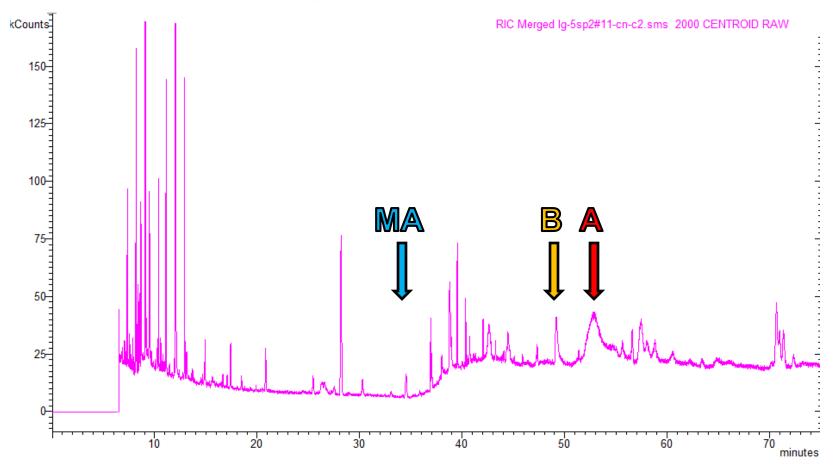


Whole Body Chemical Analysis 2 Days After Mating



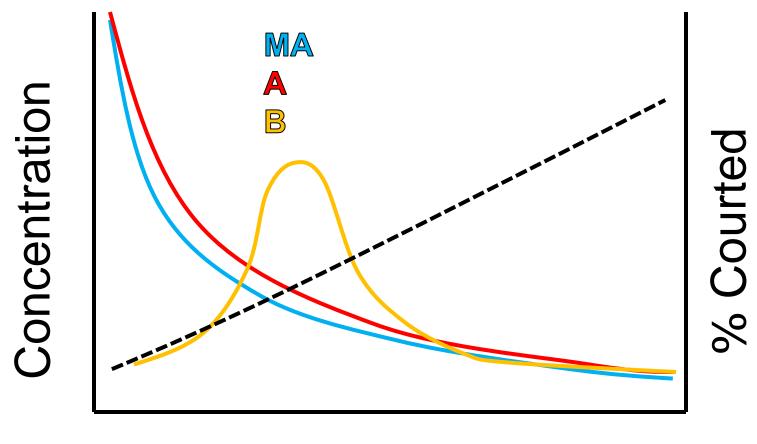


Whole Body Chemical Analysis 2 Days After Mating



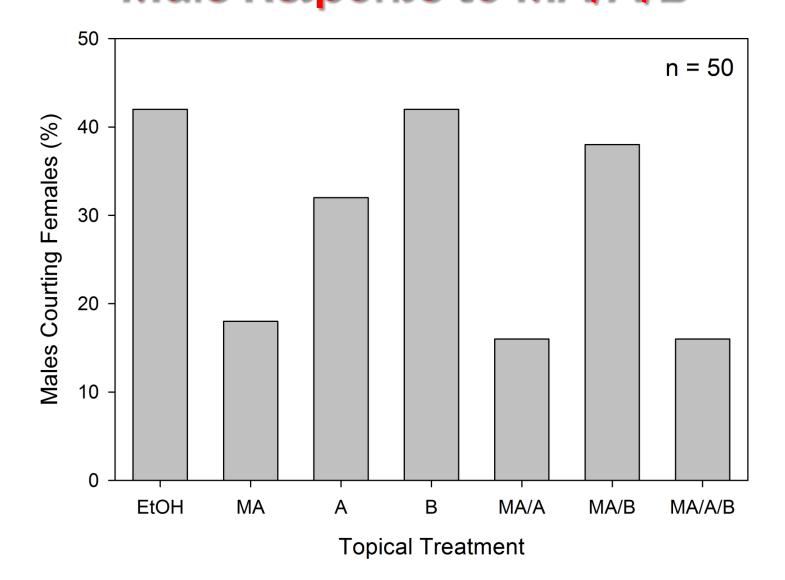


Post-mating Changes

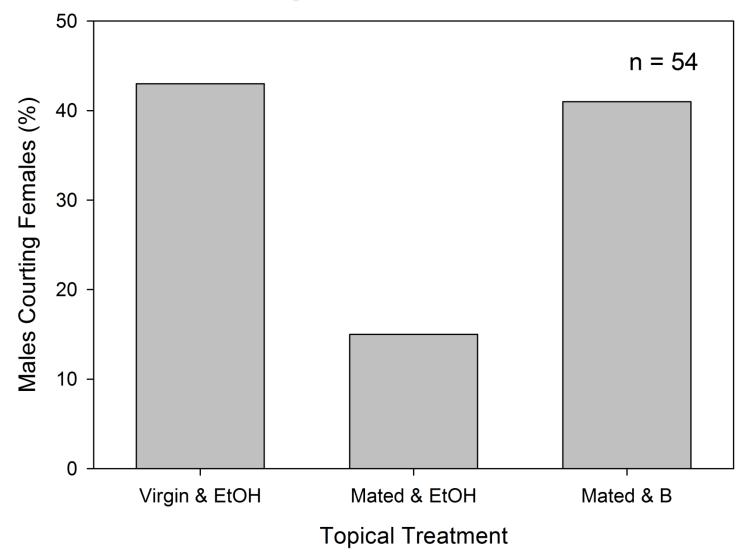


Time \longrightarrow

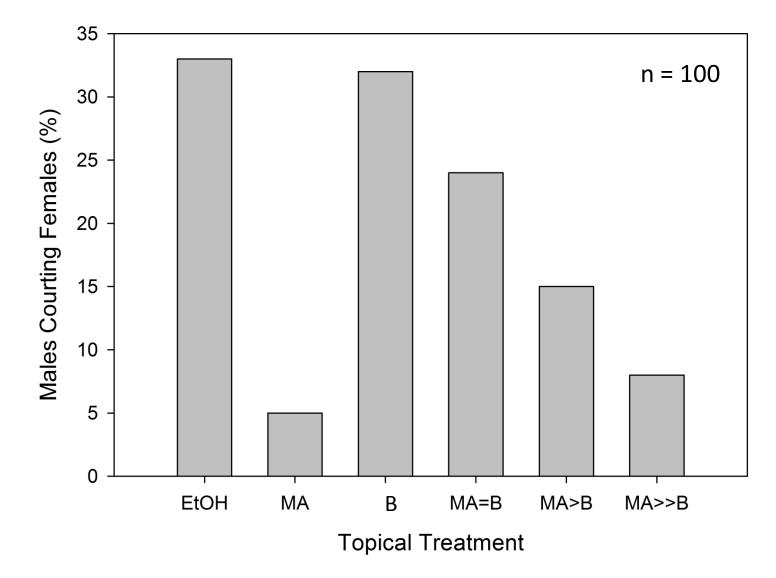




Male Response to MA/A/B

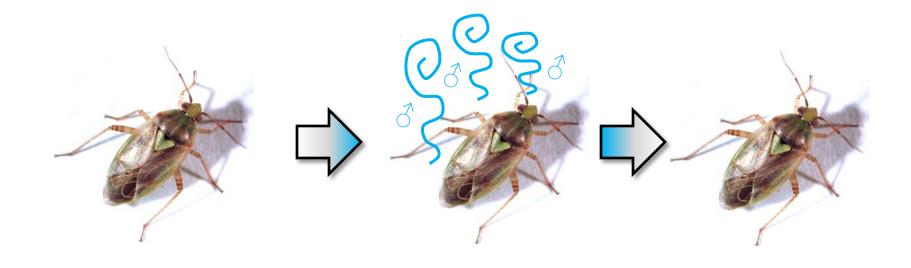


Male Response to Relative Amounts



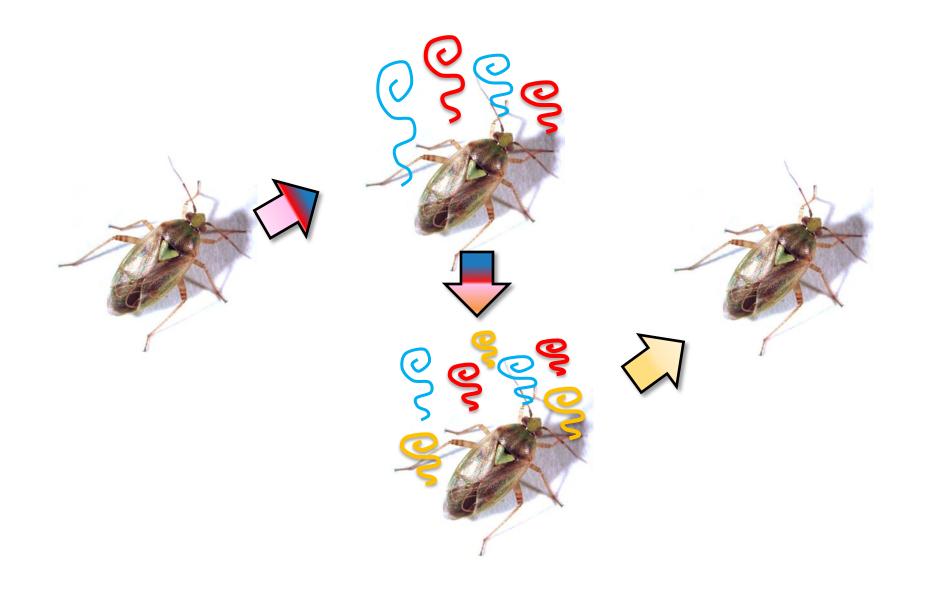


Anticipated Post-Mating Odor Change



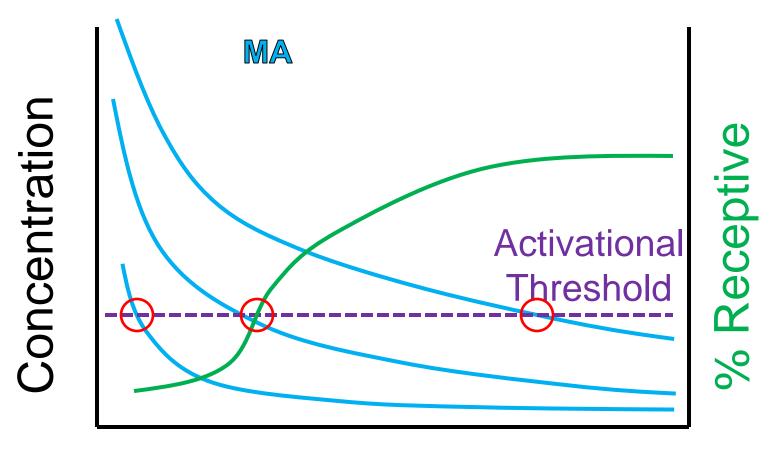
Actual Post-Mating Odor Change

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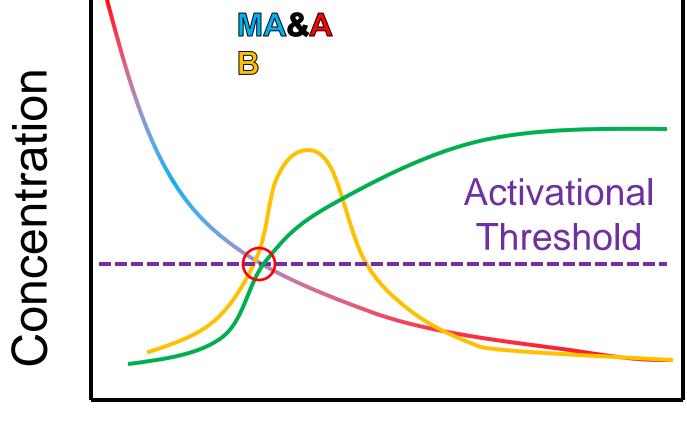
Post-mating Changes



Time →



Post-mating Changes



% Receptive

Time \longrightarrow



• Males produce an anti-aphrodisiac (MA) that limits sperm competition





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 Ratio of MA&A:B dictates male behavior, indicating when a mated female is again likely to be receptive to courting





Acknowledgements





Leanne Elhoff

Dan Langhorst

